The Rules

Water Sustainability Act and Water Protection Act

http://www.bclaws.ca/civix/document/id/complete/statreg/14015 http://www.bclaws.ca/EPLibraries/bclaws_new/document/ID/freeside/00_96484_01

All water in British Columbia is owned by the Crown on behalf of the residents of the province. If you own land that contains or has access to surface water or groundwater, in most cases you must apply to the province for the right to use the water and pay an annual rental fee for that use. This ownership is declared within the Water Sustainability Act and reconfirmed in the Water Protection Act.

PLWUS has water license 072113 which permits us water rights on Hadley Creek with storage in Hadley (Pete's) Lake and to withdraw up to 50,000 imperial gallons (230,000 L) per day.

		WATER MANAGEMENT BRANCH		MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT								
and the second second	-:	THE PDO	VINCE OF BRITTER COLUMN	TA WATTER ACT			Province of British Columbia					
6.469 - 1	THE PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA-WATER ACT CONDITIONAL WATER LICENCE					SABINE	$(\)$	\sim				
3				LICEINCE								
	The	Pete's Lake Water Use	ers' Society of Lasqueti I	Island, B.C. VOR 2JO				29	\supset	CHA,	NNEL	
	is hereby authorized to divert and store water as follows:							_				
	(a)	The stream on which Hadley Lake.	the rights are granted is	Hadley Creek with storage in		<u>ک</u> 35			L. 37	\rangle		
	(b)	The storage site and plan.	l point of diversion are 1	ocated as shown on the attached		2			\mathbb{P}	<u> </u>	\sim	
	(c)	The date from which	this licence shall have p	recedence is 16th August, 1960.		2			/			
	(d)	The purpose for whic	th this licence is issued a	are storage and waterworks.		34		so/		2	8	
	(e)	The maximum quantity feet per annum and t purpose is 50,000 ga		ored on Hadley Lake is 36 acre h may be diverted for waterworks					S Q	UET	I	
	(f)	The water may be stor	red and used throughout th	he whole year.		33	ک ا	' G	Hodiey		HADLE	
	(g)	This licence is appur Certificate of Public	rtenant to the undertaking c Convenience and Necessit	g of the licensee as set out in ty No. 715/1990.		hun		En	ł.	G.	R LAKE	
	(h)	The works authorized system, which shall b	to be constructed are pip be located approximately a	be, dam, tanks and distribution as shown on the attached plan.		FALSE	\sim	31 Tank	[2	7	
		The construction of t used. The licensee s water in the manner a		mpleted and the water is being egular beneficial use of the		ВАҮ			SLA	ND	7 22	
	(j)	This licence is issue 26955.	d in substitution of Cond	itional Water Licences 26954 and			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L			
						WATER DISTRICT PRECINCT LAND DISTRICT	:NANAIMO :COURTENAY :NANAIMO		Signati		Dawer	
addiana (* 11. Britana (* 11.	2		too Cave J. E. Farrell	Q		LEGEND Scale Point of Diversion Map Number Pipe	: 1:20000 : ● : WR.92F/8f	C.L.	Date 72113		/17 <i>,199</i> 2 6954 & C.L. 26955 232181	
			eputy Comptroller of Water	r Rights								
W-183	File	No. 0232181 Date is	sued: June 15, 1990	CONDITIONAL LICENCE 72113								
					_							

Prepared for Pete's Lake Water Users' Society by Trudi Smith BSc MSc (Food Science, UBC) May 2019

Drinking Water Protection Act (some relevant excerpts)

http://www.bclaws.ca/civix/document/id/complete/statreg/01009 01

• Section 6:

Water supply systems must provide potable water

Subject to the regulations, <u>a water supplier must provide</u>, to the users served by its water supply system, <u>drinking water</u> from the water supply system <u>that</u>

(a) is potable water, and

(b) meets any additional requirements established by the regulations or by its operating permit.

• Section 8:

Operating permits and requirements for water supply systems

- (1) In the case of a prescribed water supply system, the water supplier
 - (a) <u>must not operate the water supply system unless the water supplier holds a valid</u> <u>operating permit</u> issued in accordance with the regulations,
 - (b) must comply with all terms and conditions of its operating permit, and
 - (c) <u>must operate the water supply system in accordance with any applicable regulations</u>.
- (2) <u>An issuing official may include in an operating permit terms and conditions the official</u> <u>considers advisable respecting the water supply system.</u>
- (3) As examples, but without limiting the authority under this section, terms and conditions respecting the following may be included in an operating permit:
 - (a) treatment requirements;
 - (b) equipment, works, facilities and operating requirements;
 - (c) qualifications and training of the persons operating, maintaining or repairing the water supply system;
 - (d) monitoring of the drinking water source and the water in the water supply system;
 - (e) standards applicable to the water in the water supply system;
 - (f) reporting and publication of monitoring results or other information respecting the water supply system.
- (4) <u>The drinking water officer or an issuing official may change the terms and conditions of an operating permit if the officer or issuing official considers this advisable</u>, but must first consult with the water supplier respecting the proposed changes and must consider any comments of the water supplier in response.
- (5) <u>Terms and conditions included in an operating permit under this section may set</u> requirements and standards that are more stringent than those established under this Act.
- (6) If the drinking water officer considers that further information is necessary to determine whether
 - (a) the water provided by a water supply system meets the requirements of section 6 [water supply systems must provide potable water], or
 - (b) a water supply system meets the requirements and standards established by the regulations and its operating permit,

the drinking water officer may order the water supplier to undertake additional monitoring or testing as directed by the officer, and to report the results and make them public as directed by the officer.

Drinking Water Protection Regulation (a relevant excerpt)

http://www.bclaws.ca/civix/document/id/complete/statreg/200 2003

Exemptions

- 3.1 The following are <u>exempt from section 6 of the Act</u>:
 - (a) <u>a small system, if</u>
 - (i) each recipient of the water from the small system has a point of entry or point of use treatment system that makes the water potable, and
 - (ii) the water supplier ensures that the location of non-potable water discharge and non-potable water piping are identified by markings that are permanent, distinct and easily recognized;
 - (b) a water supply system, including a small system, if
 - (i) the system does not provide water for human consumption or food preparation purposes,
 - (ii) the system is not connected to a water supply system that provides water for human consumption or food preparation purposes, and
 - (iii) the water supplier ensures that the location of non-potable water discharge and non-potable water piping are identified by markings that are permanent, distinct and easily recognized.

NOTE: Our system is identified as a "Small System" as it serves less than 500 people at any time.

Canadian Drinking Water guidelines (a relevant excerpt)

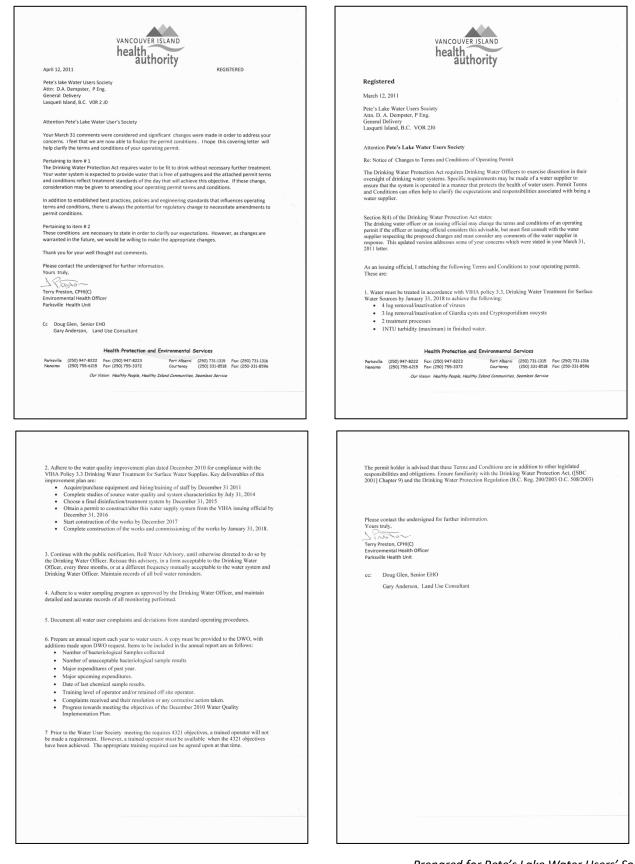
https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/environmental-workplace-health/waterguality/drinking-water/canadian-drinking-water-guidelines.html

Parameter	Guideline					
Enteric protozoa:	Treatment goal: Minimum 3 log*reduction (removal and/or					
Giardia and Cryptosporidium (2012)	inactivation) of cysts and oocysts					
Enteric viruses (2011)	Treatment goal: Minimum 4 log* reduction (removal and/or					
	inactivation) of enteric viruses					
Escherichia coli (E. coli) (2012)	None detectable per 100 mL					
Total coliforms (2012)	None detectable per 100 mL in water leaving a treatment					
	plant and in non-disinfected groundwater leaving the well					
Turbidity (2012)	Treatment limits for individual filters or units:					
	• Conventional and direct filtration: ≤ 0.3 NTU**					
	• slow sand and diatomaceous earth filtration: ≤ 1.0					
	NTU**					
	• membrane filtration: ≤ 0.1 NTU**					

* "log reduction" means reduction by 90%. For example: Starting with 10,000 of something you would have 1000 after 1 "log reduction", 100 after 2 "log reductions", 10 after 3 and 1 after 4.

**NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units! is an optical measurement of water's ability to scatter and absorb light rather than transmit it in straight lines. At 5 NTU water is visibly cloudy.

Drinking Water Safety: Part 8 The Rules



Prepared for Pete's Lake Water Users' Society by Trudi Smith BSc MSc (Food Science, UBC) May 2019